

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form*. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

### 1. Name of Property

Historic name: F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143

Other names/site number: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of related multiple property listing:

N/A

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing)

### 2. Location

Street & number: 828 Washington Street

City or town: Lagro State: Indiana County: Wabash

Not For Publication:  Vicinity:

### 3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended,

I hereby certify that this X nomination \_\_\_ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.

In my opinion, the property X meets \_\_\_ does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance:

\_\_\_ national \_\_\_ statewide X local

Applicable National Register Criteria:

X A \_\_\_ B X C \_\_\_ D

<p>_____  <b>Signature of certifying official/Title:</b>  <u>Indiana DNR-Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology</u>  <b>State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government</b></p>	<p>_____  <b>Date</b></p>
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<p>In my opinion, the property ___ meets ___ does not meet the National Register criteria.</p>	
<p>_____  <b>Signature of commenting official:</b></p>	<p>_____  <b>Date</b></p>
<p>_____  <b>Title :</b></p>	<p>_____  <b>State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government</b></p>

F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143  
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County and State

**Number of Resources within Property**

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	buildings
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	sites
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	structures
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	objects
<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register 0

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**6. Function or Use**

**Historic Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions.)

COMMERCE/TRADE: financial institution

COMMERCE/TRADE: specialty store

SOCIAL: meeting hall

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Current Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions.)

VACANT/NOT IN USE

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

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## Narrative Description

With an address of 828 Washington Street, the Free and Accepted Masonic Tuscan Lodge No. 143 (Lodge) is located on parts of lots 125 and 126 on the street's north side between Davis and Dover streets. Next door to the east are two other commercial buildings, the American Legion and the former Improved Order of Red Men Hall, Tonkawa 326; to the west is an alley and then vacant land to Davis Street. Along the rest of Washington Street, the primary commercial district for Lagro, are assorted other commercial buildings, most of which are contemporary, pole-barn type structures. There are a few other single historic buildings at the corner of Washington and Davis Streets and one block directly south on Basin Street. The Lodge's exterior retains a significant amount of integrity as historic photographs indicate that minimal alterations have occurred over time.

The Lodge sits on a concrete block foundation and is primarily constructed of brownish and reddish-brown brick laid in a running bond pattern. The first-floor of the façade is divided into two equally spaced storefronts and an independent doorway which provides access to the second-floor level at the far east of the façade. The western storefront is divided into three bays, where the primary wall of windows and openings is slightly recessed from the side walls of blocks of Bedford Limestone. Historic photos indicate copper fixtures were installed on both limestone sidewalls, however today only the copper posts remain. Dividing the three bays are two limestone Tuscan columns resting on short square piers. A limestone beam, which runs across the full-width of the storefront, reads: "19 CITIZENS – STATE – BANK 13". This beam has a modest cornice which visually provides a cap to the storefront, separating it from the upper floor. Slightly recessed from this face of the building is the primary wall. The outer bays have Bedford limestone bulkheads and large single-pane windows set in copper frames. These are topped by a transom window composed of panels of Luxfer prism glass, a specialty product created in the 1880s by the Luxfer Prism Company and featuring tiles in a design created for the company by architect Frank Lloyd Wright.<sup>2</sup> The primary entry is in the center bay, where the original door has been removed and a temporary plywood door has been put in place. Also topping the door is a transom window with the same panel of Luxfer prism glass. At the ground floor of the entrance is a concrete slab the same width as the door with green and white glazed tile laid in a pattern and the identifier "BANK" (photo 6).

To the east of the bank storefront is another, similar sized storefront (photo 2) of the former Lagro Hardware Company, as well as an independent doorway which provides access to the second-floor. Spanning both the storefront and the entrance is a cast iron beam painted white. The storefront is divided into three bays with a recessed central entrance. The outer bays each have a large, single-pane display window set in a copper frame. In the recessed entry the display windows have been replaced with wood panels. Underneath both windows are stone bulkheads which are deteriorating. The original single-pane wood door remains, however the glass has been removed and replaced with a sheet of plywood. A transom window which spans the storefront

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<sup>2</sup> Glassian, "Luxfer Prism Company," <https://glassian.org/Prism/Luxfer/index.html> (accessed 11 June 2020).

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been removed. The walls and ceiling are plaster. The floor in this room is also disintegrating, and flooring at the back half of the room has been entirely removed. On the rear wall, there are one window opening and two door openings, all boarded up with plywood. The wood trim around these openings as well as the baseboard trim is oak.

The second story is accessed through the independent doorway to the east of the hardware storefront. The staircase (photo 12) is located at the end of a long, carpeted hallway, and the stairs and railing are made of oak. Above the bank building are the remains of an apartment consisting of a kitchen (photos 13 and 14), living room (photo 15), bedroom (photos 16 and 17), and bathroom (photos 18 and 19). The original oak flooring remains, although the walls separating the kitchen, living room, and bedroom are all alterations and composed of drywall. A long hallway (photo 20) from the kitchen connects to the space above the hardware store, which still retains hooks that would have likely been used by the Masons. Oak baseboard trim and doorway trim remains in this hallway. The open space above the hardware store was the Masonic Hall (photos 21, 22, and 23) where all that remains are the original oak wood floors, plaster and lath walls and ceiling, and the oak trim around the windows and the oak baseboards. All of the plaster has been removed from the party wall separating the two spaces, revealing the construction technique and the insulation. Off the northern corner of the hallway is a doorway (photo 24) that connects to the Improved Order of Red Men building immediately to the east.<sup>4</sup>

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<sup>4</sup> According to members of the Lagro Canal Foundation, the buildings have always been connected in this manner. E-mail from Lavonne Sparling, Lagro Canal Foundation, to Jill Downs, ARCH Historic Preservationist, 21 June 2020.



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**Areas of Significance**

(Enter categories from instructions.)

ARCHITECTURE

SOCIAL HISTORY

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Period of Significance**

1913 to 1970

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Significant Dates**

1913

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Significant Person (last name, first name)**

(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)

N/A

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Cultural Affiliation**

N/A

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Architect/Builder (last name, first name)**

Unknown

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

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**Period of Significance (justification)**

The period of significance begins in 1913, with the construction of the Lodge, and ends at the fifty-year mark in 1970. The F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No.143 continued to meet in this building until 1996, when it merged with another lodge in Wabash, Indiana.

**Criteria Considerations (explanation, if necessary)**

N/A

**Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph** (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance, applicable criteria, justification for the period of significance, and any applicable criteria considerations.)

The Lodge is significant under National Register of Historic Places Criterion A for its association with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history as it housed the meeting hall for the Free and Accepted Masonic Tuscan Lodge 143 from the time of its construction in 1913<sup>5</sup> until 1996.

The Lodge is also significant under National Register of Historic Places Criterion C in that it embodies the distinctive characteristics of type, period, and method of construction as a locally-significant example of a 20<sup>th</sup> century, two-part commercial block building with Classical Revival-style elements. Built in 1913, it was rated as “outstanding” in a survey of area sites and structures,<sup>6</sup> with its main style identifying features being the limestone Tuscan columns flanking one of the storefront entrances and the cornice with dentil detailing. The Lodge also features a limestone bulkhead, sidewalls, lintels, and window sills. At the time of construction, uses operating out of the first floor storefronts included the Citizens State Bank of Lagro<sup>7</sup> and the Lagro Hardware Company.<sup>8</sup> It currently is one of just four historic commercial buildings remaining in Lagro.

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<sup>5</sup> *Wabash County Interim Report.*

<sup>6</sup> *Wabash County Interim Report.*

<sup>7</sup> *Wabash (IN) Plain Dealer*, 6 August 1913, 5.

<sup>8</sup> Clarkson W. Weesner, *History of Wabash County, Indiana: A Narrative Account of Its Historical Progress, Its People, and Its Principal Interests*, vol. 2 (Chicago and New York: The Lewis Publishing Company, 1914), 582.

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**Narrative Statement of Significance** (Provide at least **one** paragraph for each area of significance.)

The Lodge is significant under National Register of Historic Places Criterion A as, from the time the building was built in 1913<sup>9</sup> until 1996,<sup>10</sup> the upper floor served as the meeting space for the Free and Accepted Masonic Tuscan Lodge No. 143 (Tuscan Lodge 143).<sup>11</sup>

The Freemasons are the oldest and most widely recognized fraternal organization in the world. As such, it seeks to unite men of good character who, despite being of different religious, ethnic, or social backgrounds, share a belief in the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of mankind,<sup>12</sup> and that incorporates metaphors of building with symbolic meaning from architecture, engineering, masonry, and construction. Over time, the Freemasonry fraternity came to emphasize personal study, self-improvement, and social betterment through individual involvement and philanthropy. There are presently 3.5 million regular, recognized Freemasons in the world, approximately 1.3 million of whom live in the United States and more than 50,000 in Indiana.<sup>13</sup>

The roots of Freemasonry may be traced back to King Solomon and the first Temple in Jerusalem, and to when members built castles and cathedrals throughout Europe in the Middle Ages. In 17<sup>th</sup> century Scotland, the stonemasons began accepting members into their lodges who were not members of the Mason's craft, calling them "accepted Masons." In 1717, the modern fraternity began with the formation of the first grand lodge in London, England. Early settlers to the United States from England, Scotland, and France, brought Freemasonry with them, and in 1733 in Boston, the first Provincial Grand Lodge in the western hemisphere was formed. Charters then began to be developed throughout the colonies. Nine of the 56 signers of the Declaration of Independence were known to be Masons at the time. George Washington, Benjamin Franklin, and John Hancock were some of our country's early masonic leaders.<sup>14</sup>

After the Revolutionary War, Freemasonry moved westward, and in 1809, the first Masonic lodge in the Indiana Territory was formed in Vincennes. Two years after Indiana gained statehood in 1816, the Grand Lodge of Indiana F & AM was formed with nine Masonic lodges in the state.<sup>15</sup> By the start of the Civil War, there were over 270 lodges in the state.<sup>16</sup>

<sup>9</sup> *Wabash County Interim Report*.

<sup>10</sup> E-mail from Karrie Borst.

<sup>11</sup> E-mail from Frank Nordman.

<sup>12</sup> The Grand Lodge of Ohio, "What is Freemasonry," <http://www.freemason.com/how-to-join/what-is-freemasonry/> (accessed 24 July 2018).

<sup>13</sup> Indiana Freemasons, "History of Freemasonry," <https://indianafreemasons.com/about-freemasonry/history-of-freemasonry/> (accessed 19 July 2018).

<sup>14</sup> *Ibid.*

<sup>15</sup> *Ibid.*

<sup>16</sup> Laura Thayer, National Register of Historic Places nomination for Masonic Temple, Fort Wayne, Indiana, 1990, Section 8, page 1.

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pediments, cornices with dentils, pilasters, keystones, and quoins.<sup>23</sup> Echoing this style, the Lodge features corbelled brick in a dentil pattern along the cornice while the bank storefront is defined by Tuscan limestone columns and limestone pilasters.

Also contributing to the building's architectural significance is the use of Luxfer prism glass in the transom window of the bank storefront. Created in the 1880s by the Luxfer Prism Company, horizontal prisms were added to the back side of<sup>24</sup> four-inch square panes of glass. Their typical application in upper windows of industrial and commercial buildings utilized light refraction to illuminate deep interior spaces with natural light. Architect Frank Lloyd Wright patented numerous variants of the glass in various geometric designs such as beading, circles, squares, and ovals.<sup>25</sup> The bank transom includes some of these such tiles.

While Tuscan Lodge 143 met in the upper story of this building and is known to have been there by 1914,<sup>26</sup> it was actually the Citizens State Bank of Lagro (Bank) that commissioned the building's construction. Established in March of 1912, the Bank was the first such institution in Lagro and initially operated from another building in town, but plans were soon made to construct a new building.<sup>27</sup> By February of 1913, a story in *The Huntington Press* reported that the new bank was contracted for and building would begin in the spring. The bank was to "be provided with absolutely fireproof vault, burglar proof safe and all the latest facilities known to modern banknig (sic) and finances."<sup>28</sup> That same August, it was reported that the building was beginning to take shape and "is conspicuous for its beauty. The front is constructed entirely of Bedford stone, with two conspicuous pillars of the Tuscan type which renders it most agreeable in all matters connected with the structure."<sup>29</sup> The Bank building had been completed by 1914 and was said to adjoin "the new building of the Lagro Hardware Company."<sup>30</sup> As it is known that the lighter red brick building to the east of the bank was built for the Improved Order of Red Men in 1911,<sup>31</sup> and that an alley exists on the Bank's west side, this means that the storefront next to the Bank was occupied by the Lagro Hardware Company. In February of 1930, Citizens State Bank closed,<sup>32</sup> and in 1932 the National Rock Wool Corporation leased the building for its office headquarters.<sup>33</sup> At some point, the space also was used as the Lagro post office until 1964 when a new post office was built.<sup>34</sup>

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<sup>23</sup> City of Fort Wayne, *Fort Wayne Indiana Interim Report: A presentation of historic resources, achievements, and possibilities* (Indiana: Indiana Historic Sites and Structures inventory, 1996), 18.

<sup>24</sup> Glassian.

<sup>25</sup> Frank Lloyd Wright Trust, "Luxfer Prisms," <https://flwright.org/researchexplore/wrightbuildings/luxferprisms> (accessed 10 June 2020).

<sup>26</sup> Weesner, vol. 1, 421.

<sup>27</sup> Weesner, vol. 2, 582.

<sup>28</sup> *The Huntington (IN) Press*, 11 February 1913, 6.

<sup>29</sup> *Wabash (IN) Plain Dealer*, 6 August 1913, 5.

<sup>30</sup> Weesner, vol. 2, 582.

<sup>31</sup> *Fort Wayne (IN) Journal-Gazette*, 18 April 1911, 11.

<sup>32</sup> *Mattoon (IL) Journal Gazette*, 28 February 1930, 1.

<sup>33</sup> *The Alexandria (IN) Times-Tribune*, 31 March 1932, 1.

<sup>34</sup> E-mail from Ron Woodward, Wabash County Historian, to Jill Downs, 12 September 2018.

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### Developmental History/Additional historic context information

Lagro, Indiana, is a small town located in Lagro Township in Wabash County, an area of four hundred and twenty-six square miles near the northeastern part of the state.<sup>38</sup> Situated on the north side of the Wabash River, Lagro is located approximately six miles northeast of Wabash, the county seat.

The Miami and Potawatomi Native American tribes first inhabited the area in recorded times, but a treaty signing in 1826 opened the area to white settlement. At this same time, a second treaty was signed allowing for a canal to be constructed across the land.<sup>39</sup> Named the Wabash and Erie Canal, construction began in the region in 1832.<sup>40</sup> This same year, Wabash County was created, and was divided into two large townships, Lagro and Noble, which were later subdivided to form a total of seven townships.<sup>41</sup> Lured by the canal prospects, General John Tipton came to the area and platted the town of Lagro in 1834.<sup>42</sup> The plat was laid out just north of the canal and Wabash River with east-west streets Washington, Main, Jefferson, and Webster running parallel to the canal. The north-south streets were Davis, Dover, Spencer, Canal, Tipton, Clinton, George and Harriett. La Gro Creek crosses the eastern part of the town.<sup>43</sup> Lagro was named for Chief Le Gros of the Miami Indian tribe in the vicinity. In fact, the first house to be built in Lagro, in 1828, was for Chief Le Gros.<sup>44</sup> Lagro was formally incorporated in 1859.<sup>45</sup>

The area, primarily rural and agricultural-focused, thrived on the success of the canal<sup>46</sup> until the 1870s when railroads had taken over as a means of transportation.<sup>47</sup> In 1875, Lagro's population was 800,<sup>48</sup> but had dwindled to 456 by 1900. For the next several decades, the numbers rose and fell slightly, and peaked at 763 in 1960. The population has been in steady decline ever since.<sup>49</sup> By 1976, it was said that the "glory that was Lagro is gone now, the town, still proud, struggles to survive."<sup>50</sup> At the 2010 census, the population was just 415.<sup>51</sup>

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<sup>38</sup> Weesner, vol. 1, 5.

<sup>39</sup> Linda Robertson, ed., *Wabash County History Bicentennial Edition 1976, Wabash, Indiana* (Marceline, MO: Walsworth Publishing Company, Inc., 1976), 7, 8.

<sup>40</sup> Wabash and Erie Canal Association, "Historical Notes on the Wabash & Erie Canal in Delphi," [http://www.wabashanderiecanal.org/Canal\\_History.html](http://www.wabashanderiecanal.org/Canal_History.html) (accessed 22 February 2015).

<sup>41</sup> Weesner, vol. 1, 152, 157, 164.

<sup>42</sup> Thomas E. Castaldi, *Wabash & Erie Canal: Notebook III Wabash and Miami Counties* (Fort Wayne, IN: Parrot Printing, Inc., 2004), 26.

<sup>43</sup> Weesner, vol. 1, 413-414.

<sup>44</sup> Castaldi, 26.

<sup>45</sup> *Wabash County Interim Report*, 36.

<sup>46</sup> Robertson, unknown page numbers.

<sup>47</sup> City of Wabash, Indiana, "History," <http://www.cityofwabash.com/city-information/history/> (accessed 22 February 2015).

<sup>48</sup> Hosea Paul, *Atlas of Wabash, County, Indiana* (Philadelphia, PA: Hosea Paul & Co., 1875), 45.

<sup>49</sup> STATSIndiana, "Indiana City/Town Census Counts, 1900 to 2010," [http://www.stats.indiana.edu/population/PopTotals/historic\\_counts\\_cities.asp](http://www.stats.indiana.edu/population/PopTotals/historic_counts_cities.asp) (accessed 7 September 2018).

<sup>50</sup> Robertson, 57.

<sup>51</sup> STATSIndiana.

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Robertson, Linda, ed. *Wabash County History Bicentennial Edition 1976, Wabash, Indiana*.  
Marceline, MO: Walsworth Publishing Company, Inc., 1976.

Sparling, Lavonne. Lagro Canal Foundation. E-mail to Jill Downs, ARCH Historic  
Preservationist, 21 June 2020.

STATSIndiana. "Indiana City/Town Census Counts, 1900 to 2010."  
[http://www.stats.indiana.edu/population/PopTotals/historic\\_counts\\_cities.asp](http://www.stats.indiana.edu/population/PopTotals/historic_counts_cities.asp) (accessed 7  
September 2018).

Thayer, Laura. National Register of Historic Places nomination for Masonic Temple, Fort  
Wayne, Indiana, 1990, Section 8, page 1.

*The Alexandria (IN) Times-Tribune*. 31 March 1932.

The Grand Lodge of Ohio, "What is Freemasonry,"  
<http://www.freemason.com/how-to-join/what-is-freemasonry/> (accessed 24 July 2018).

*The Huntington (IN) Press*. 11 February 1913.

*Wabash County Interim Report*. Indianapolis, IN: 1982.

Wabash and Erie Canal Association. "Historical Notes on the Wabash & Erie Canal in  
Delphi." [http://www.wabashanderiecanal.org/Canal\\_History.html](http://www.wabashanderiecanal.org/Canal_History.html) (accessed 22 February  
2015).

*Wabash (IN) Plain Dealer*. 6 August 1913.

Weesner, Clarkson W. *History of Wabash County, Indiana: A Narrative Account of Its  
Historical Progress, Its People, and Its Principal Interests*, vol. 1. Chicago and New  
York: The Lewis Publishing Company, 1914.

Weesner, Clarkson W. *History of Wabash County, Indiana: A Narrative Account of Its  
Historical Progress, Its People, and Its Principal Interests*, vol. 2. Chicago and New  
York: The Lewis Publishing Company, 1914.

Woodward, Ron. Wabash County Historian. E-mail to Jill Downs, ARCH Historic  
Preservationist, 12 September 2018.

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Use the UTM system

**UTM References**

Datum (indicated on USGS map):

NAD 1927 or  NAD 1983

- |             |                 |                   |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. Zone: 16 | Easting: 607234 | Northing: 4521387 |
| 2. Zone:    | Easting:        | Northing:         |
| 3. Zone:    | Easting:        | Northing:         |
| 4. Zone:    | Easting :       | Northing:         |

**Verbal Boundary Description** (Describe the boundaries of the property.)

The boundaries of the property include Lot 125 in the Original Plat of the Town of Lagro and part of Lot 126 in the Original Plat of the Town of Lagro specifically described as beginning at the southwest corner of Lot 126; thence east three feet; thence north sixty feet; thence west three feet; thence south sixty feet to the place of the beginning. The boundaries also include a part of ground in the Original Plat in the Town of Lagro, the same being ten feet off the south part of the north seventy feet of Lot 126, said parcel being sixty-six feet wide east and west. Specifically for this building, which occupies the western portion of the property, beginning at the southwest corner of Lot 125, proceed north 132 feet along the west property line, then turn east and proceed 40 feet along the north property line. Turn south and proceed 132 feet to the south property line, then turn west and proceed 40 feet to the place of the beginning.

**Boundary Justification** (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)

The boundaries were selected as they are those legally associated with the property at 828 Washington Street in Lagro, Indiana.

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### Photographs

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 3000x2000 at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map. Each photograph must be numbered and that number must correspond to the photograph number on the photo log. For simplicity, the name of the photographer, photo date, etc. may be listed once on the photograph log and doesn't need to be labeled on every photograph.

### Photo Log

Name of Property: F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143

City or Vicinity: Lagro

County: Wabash

State: IN

Photographer: Andrea Kern

Date Photographed: November 7, 2017

Description of Photograph(s) and number, include description of view indicating direction of camera:

1 of 26. Southeast and northwest elevations looking north. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0001.tif)

2 of 26. Southeast elevation looking northwest. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0002.tif)

3 of 26. Southwest elevation looking northeast. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0003.tif)

4 of 26. Southwest and northwest elevations looking east. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0004.tif)

5 of 26. Northwest elevation looking southeast. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0005.tif)

6 of 26. Entrance to bank looking southeast. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0006.tif)

7 of 26. Bank lobby looking northwest. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0007.tif)



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23 of 26. Masonic Hall looking north. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0023.tif)

24 of 26. Doorway to Improved Order of Red Men building looking north. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0024.tif)

25 of 26. Warehouse looking west. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0025.tif)

26 of 26. Warehouse looking northwest. (IN\_Wabash County\_F & AM Tuscan Lodge No 143\_0026.tif)

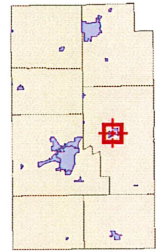
**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management, U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

F. & A. M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143  
828 Washington St, Lagro, Wabash County, IN  
IHSSI # 169-337-17012



Overview

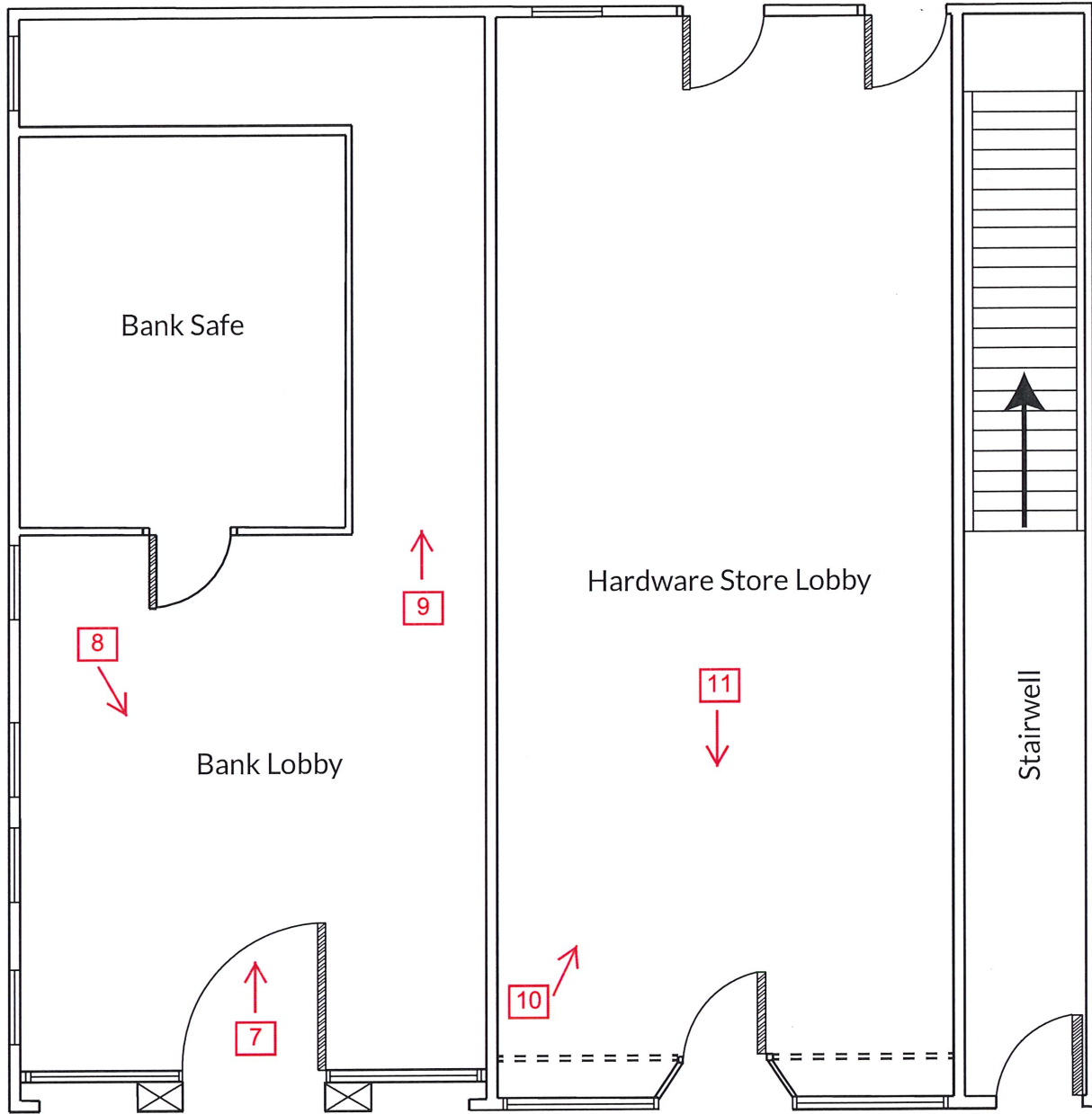


Legend

- Road Centerlines
- Boundary
- ↑ Photo Number
- ☒ # & Direction

# First Floor Plan and Photo Map

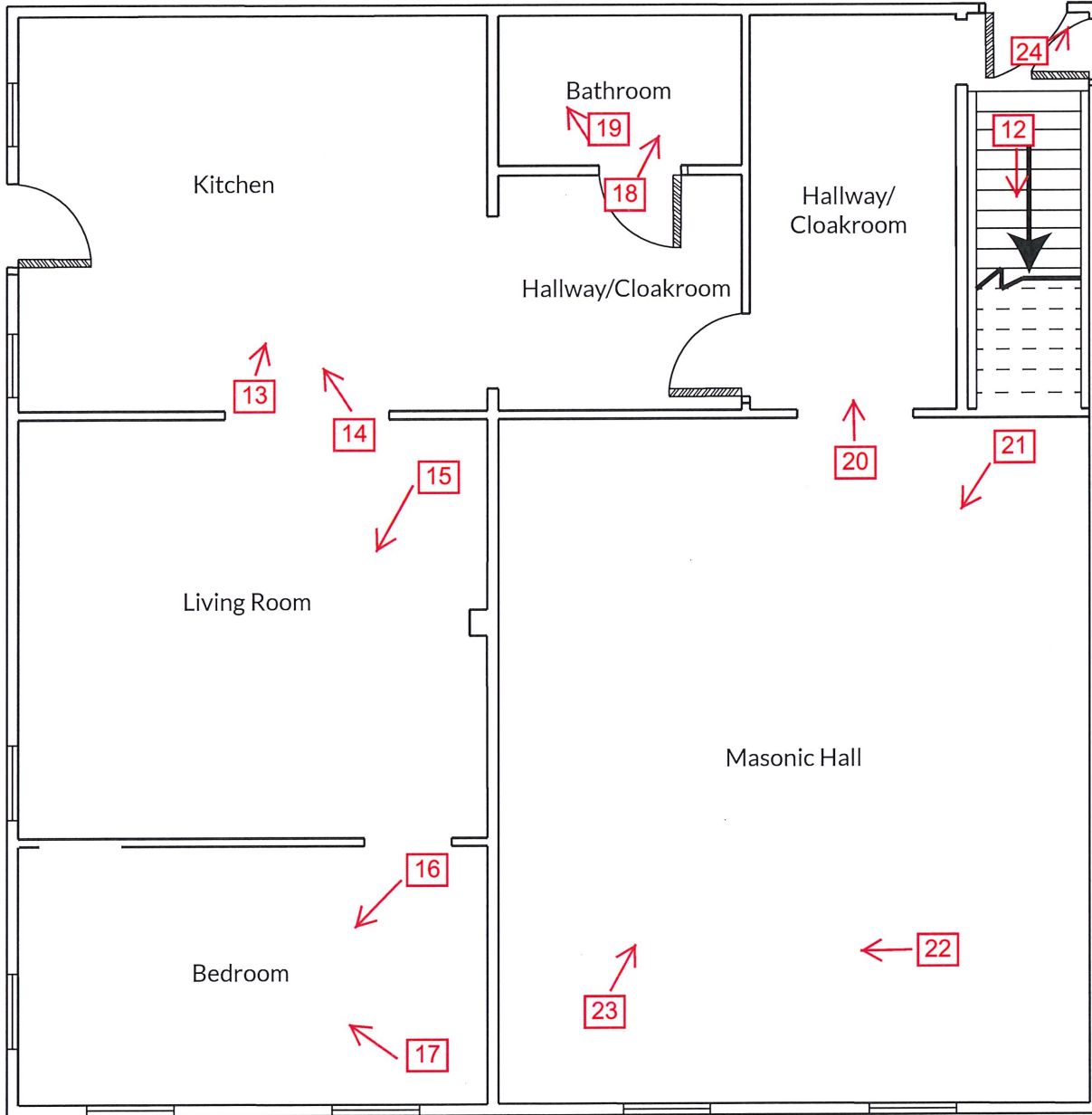
F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143  
828 Washington St, Lagro, Wabash County, IN  
IHSSI #169-337-17012



↑  
# Photo Number  
and Direction

# Second Floor Plan and Photo Map

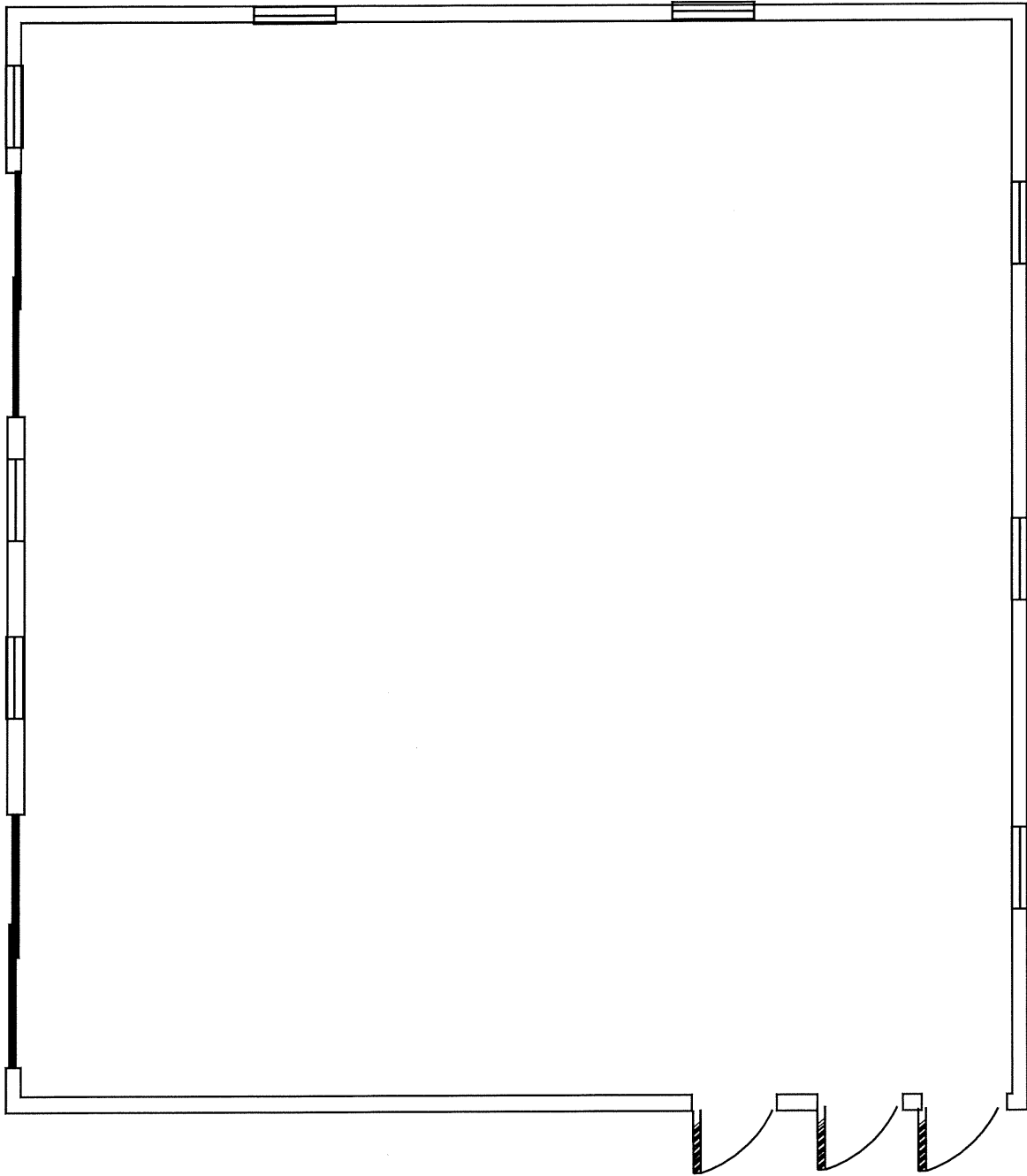
F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143  
828 Washington St, Lagro, Wabash County, IN  
IHSSI #169-337-17012



↑  
# Photo Number  
and Direction

# Rear Addition (Ruins) Plan

F. & A.M. Tuscan Lodge No. 143  
828 Washington Street, Lagro, Wabash County, IN  
IHSSI #169-337-17012



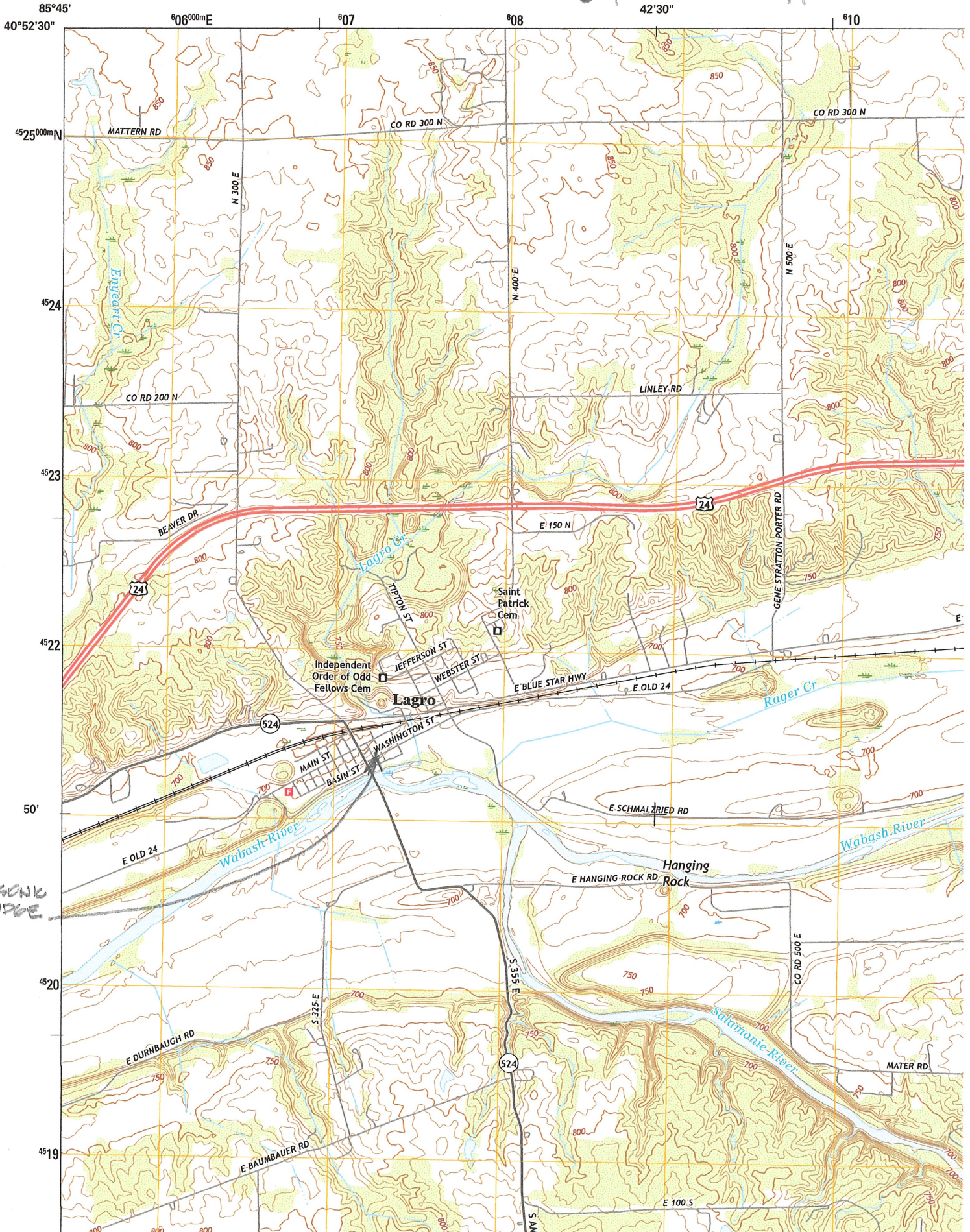


UTM NAD 83 607234 4521387

10 AM Tuscan Lodge No. 143  
818 Washington Street  
Lagro, Wabash County, IN



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



MASONIC LODGE

Hanging Rock





F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0001



F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0003





F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0004



F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0005





F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0007



F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0008





F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0010



F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0014





F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0016



F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0021





F & AM Tuscan Lodge, Wabash County Photo 0026