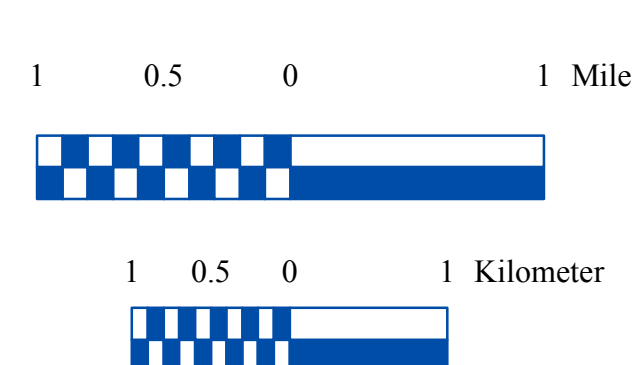
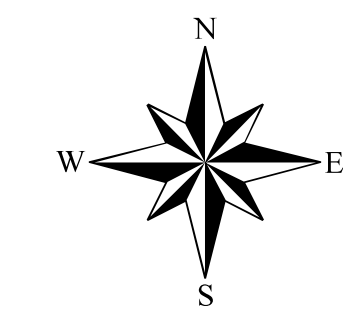
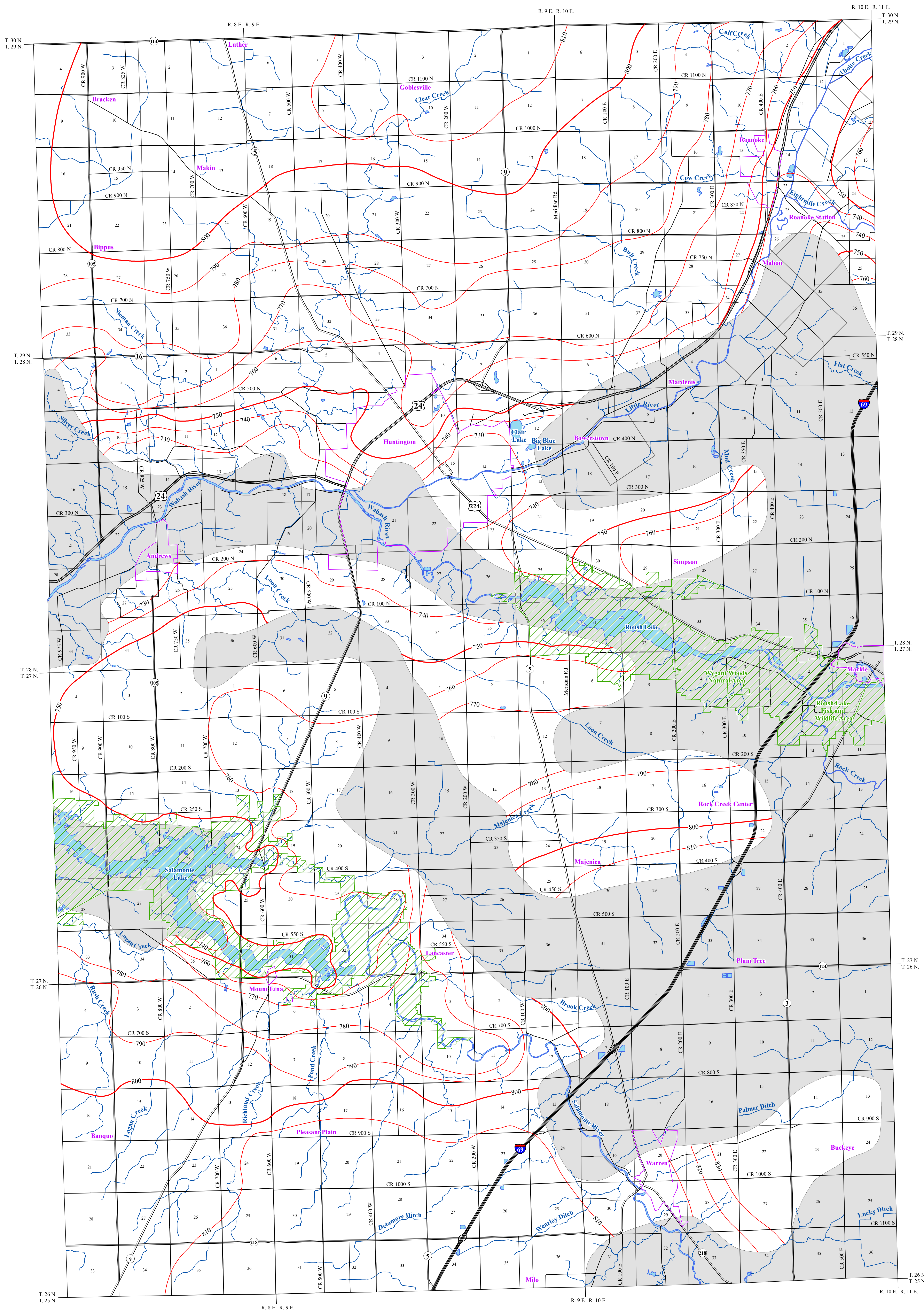


# POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED AQUIFERS OF HUNTINGTON COUNTY, INDIANA



- EXPLANATION**
- Line of equal elevation, in feet above mean sea level
  - Potentiometric Contour interval 10 feet
  - Stream
  - County Road
  - State Road
  - US Highway
  - Interstate
  - Municipal Boundary
  - State Managed Property
  - Lake & River
  - No Aquifer Material or Limited Data

Huntington County, Indiana is located in the northeastern section of the state and lies within the Upper Wabash River Basin.

The Potentiometric Surface Map (PSM) of the unconsolidated aquifers of Huntington County was mapped by contouring the elevations of approximately 570 static water-levels reported on well records received primarily over a 50 year period. These wells are completed in aquifers at various depths, and typically, under confined conditions (bounded by impermeable layers above and below the water bearing formation). However, some wells were completed under unconfined (not bounded by impermeable layers) settings. The potentiometric surface is a measure of the pressure on water in a water bearing formation. Water in an unconfined aquifer is at atmospheric pressure and will not rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation, in contrast to water in a confined aquifer which is under hydrostatic pressure and will rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation. The potentiometric contour lines crossing through Salamonie Lake, and J. Edward Roush Lake, represent the potentiometric surface of the groundwater in the immediate area, not the water level of the reservoirs, which are man-made features.

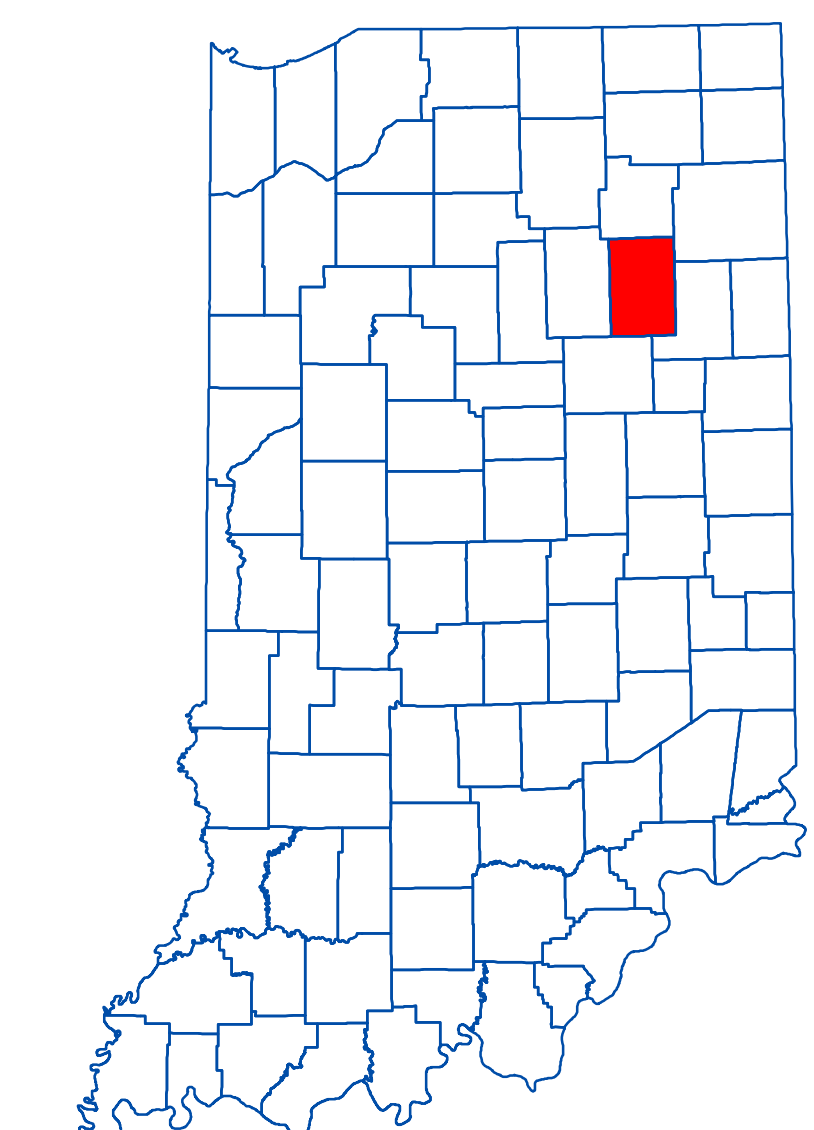
Static water-level measurements in individual wells used to construct county PSM's are indicative of the water-level at the time of well completion. The groundwater level within an aquifer constantly fluctuates in response to rainfall, evapotranspiration, groundwater movement, and groundwater pumping. Therefore, measured static water-levels in an area may differ due to local or seasonal variations. Because fluctuations in groundwater are typically small, static water-levels can be used to construct a generalized PSM. As a general rule, but certainly not always, groundwater flow approximates the overlying topography and intersects the land surface at major streams.

Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates for the water wells were either physically obtained in the field, determined through address geocoding, or reported on water well records; however, the location of the majority of the water well records used to make the PSM were not field verified. Elevation data were either obtained from topographic maps or a digital elevation model. Quality control/quality assurance procedures were utilized to refine or remove data where errors were readily apparent.

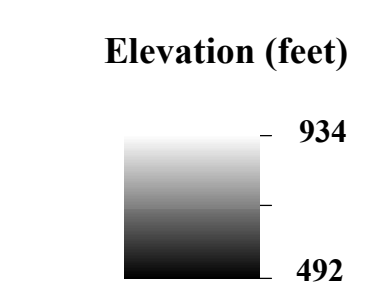
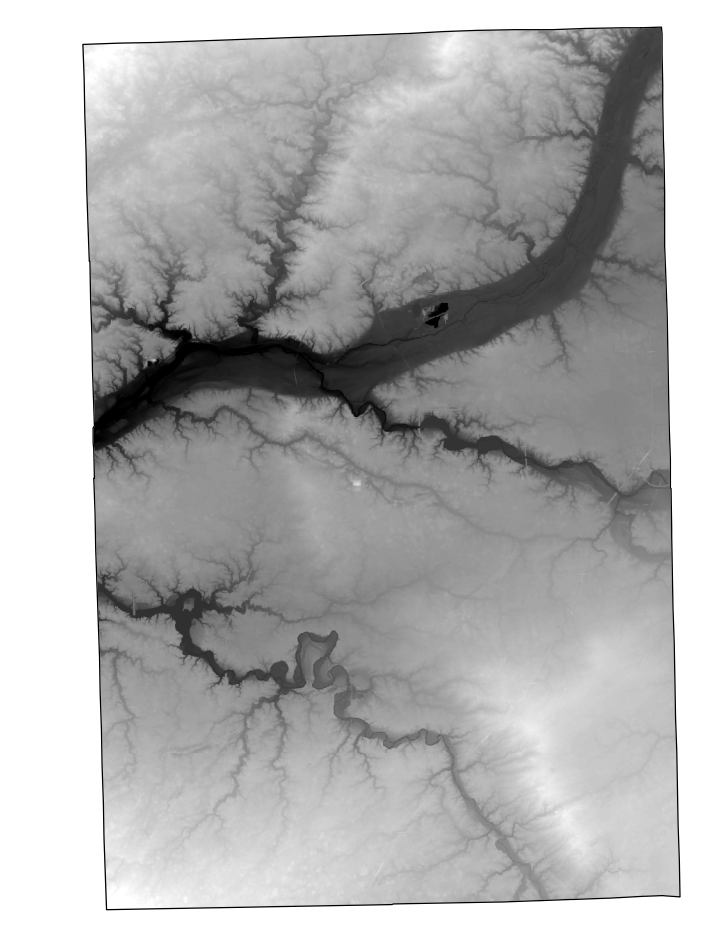
Unconsolidated static water levels in Huntington County range from a high of 833 feet mean sea level (msl) in the southeastern section of the county, to a low of 655 feet msl in the west-central portion along the Wabash River. Groundwater flow direction in the northern portion of the county is generally to the south toward the Wabash River, and to the north-northwest toward the Wabash River in the southern portion of the county.

The county PSM can be used to define the regional groundwater flow path and to identify significant areas of groundwater recharge and discharge. County PSM's represent overall regional characteristics and are not intended to be a substitute for site-specific studies.

Location Map



Digital Elevation Model of Huntington County, Indiana



**Map Use and Disclaimer Statement**

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This map was created from several existing shapefiles. Township and Range Lines of Indiana (line shapefile, 20020621). Land Survey Lines of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621), and County Boundaries of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621), were all from the Indiana Geological Survey and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Draft road shapefiles, System1 and System2 (line shapefiles, 2003), were from the Indiana Department of Transportation and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Populated Areas in Indiana 2000 (polygon shapefile, 20021000) was from the U.S. Census Bureau and based on a 1:100,000 scale. Hydrography: Streams (NHD) (line shapefile, 20081218), Rivers (NHD) (polygon shapefile, 20081218), Lakes (NHD) (polygon shapefile, 20081218) was from the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Managed Lands IDNR IN (polygon shapefile, 20100920) was from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Digital Elevation Model image is derived from the Indiana OrthoLIDAR Statewide Collection Program (2012). Potentiometric Surface Map of the Unconsolidated Aquifers of Huntington County, Indiana (line shapefiles, Schmidt, 2013) was based on a 1:24,000 scale.

**Potentiometric Surface Map of the Unconsolidated Aquifers of Huntington County, Indiana**

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