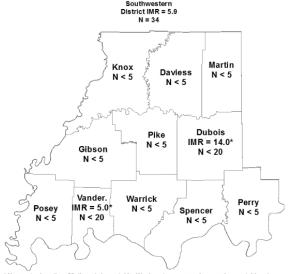
INFANT MORTALITY

INDIANA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH DIVISION OF MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

Southwestern Hospital Region 2015

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2015/index.html)



* Numerator less than 20, the rate is unstable. We do not recommend comparing unstable rates. Note: Rates have been suppressed if numerator is less than 5, including zero.

10.0

8.0

6.0

4.0

2.0

0.0

2011

6.5

7.7

6.1

6.0

2012

6.8

6.7

6.0

6.0

2013

8.9

7.1

6.0

6.0

2014

8.0

7.1

5.8

6.0

2015

5.9

7.3

5.9

Rate per 1,000 live births

SW Region

HP2020 Goal

Indiana

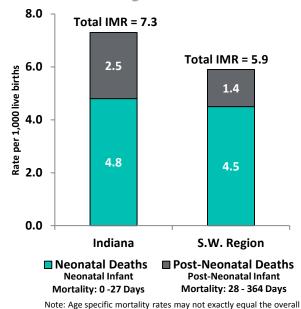
U.S.

nfant Mortality

INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

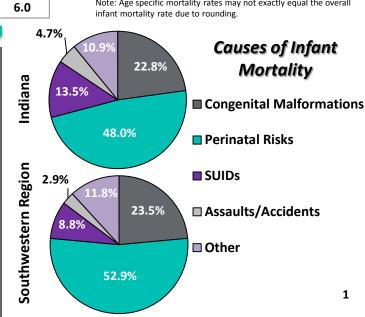
- •Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday
- •The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births
- Of the 613 Indiana infant deaths in 2015, 34 occurred in the Southwestern Hospital Region
- Black infants are 2.1 times more likely to die than white infants in Indiana

Infant Mortality Rates by Age at Death



PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- •Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care
- •Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance abuse
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity
- •Support birth spacing & interconception wellness
- •Promote the ABC's of safe sleep: place baby to sleep \underline{a} lone, on his or her \underline{b} ack, in a \underline{c} rib



BIRTH OUTCOME INDICATORS INDIANA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH DIVISION OF MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

Southwestern Hospital Region 2015

For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Natality

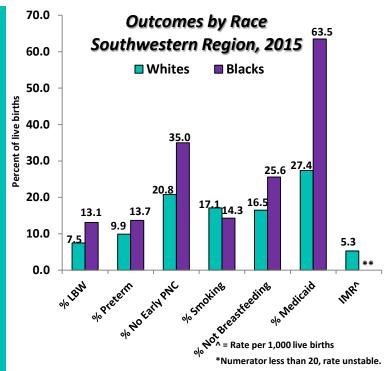
Report, Table 32 (http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/natality/2015/index.html)

INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women are always one of the nation's worst
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC
- Black women in Indiana are more likely to have a LBW or preterm baby & not get early PNC
- White women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy

SOUTHWESTERN REGION QUICK FACTS

- •There were 5, 793 births in the Southwestern Region
- Higher percentage of preterm births when compared to Indiana
- Higher percentage of women receiving PNC in the first trimester
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy
- Higher percentage of women breastfeeding at discharge



**Numerator less than 5, rate suppressed.

LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate

	% LBW (< 2,500 G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING	% MOTHER ON MEDICAID
DAVIESS	6.4	8.3	36.8	13.1	15.8	30.6 ^s
DUBOIS	7.7	11.9	15.6 ^S	11.2	19.4	13.3 ^s
GIBSON	7.0	11.6	18.6 ^S	17.3	13.4	26.3 ^s
KNOX	10.0	10.7	19.0 ^s	25.8 ^s	32.7 ^S	48.5
MARTIN	10.0*	12.3*	21.5	20.0	28.5	23.1 ^s
PERRY	8.1*	12.3	30.6	24.7 ^S	32.3 ^s	34.0
PIKE	5.1*	7.3*	13.9 ^s	23.4	19.0	20.4 ^S
POSEY	9.1	8.1	20.4 ^S	15.4	13.0	22.1 ^S
SPENCER	5.2*	6.3*	25.7	14.7	22.0	24.6 ^s
VANDERBURG	8.1	10.0	23.2 ^S	17.4 ^S	13.5 ^s	35.8 ^s
WARRICK	7.5	10.1	16.0 ^s	9.5 ^s	9.5 ^s	21.2 ^s
S.W. REGION	7.8	10.1	22.2	16.4	16.7	30.0
INDIANA	8.0	9.6	30.7	14.3	19.5	43.0
* = Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 birth outcomes.						

S = Significantly different from state.