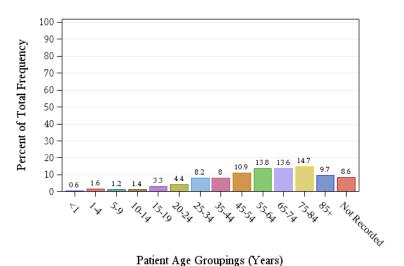
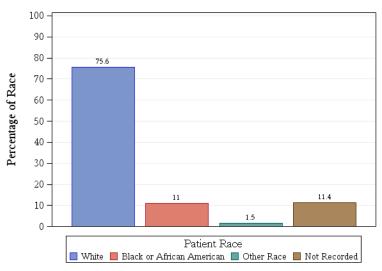
Patient Age Groupings (Years)

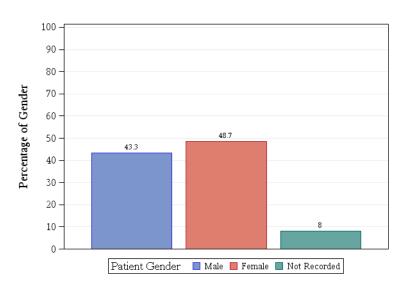


Patient Race

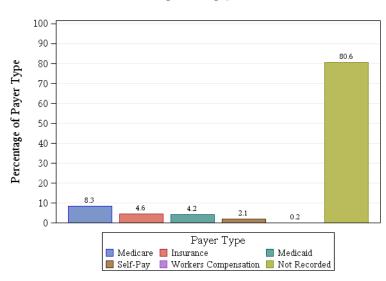


<1% Race: Asian, Native Hawaiian, American Indian/Alaskan Native

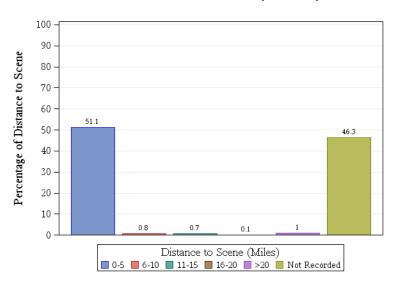
Patient Gender



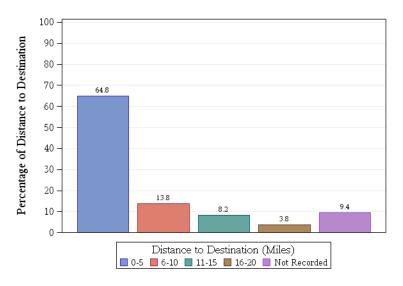
Payer Type



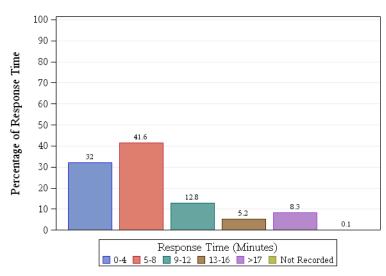
Distance to Scene (Miles)



Distance to Destination (Miles)

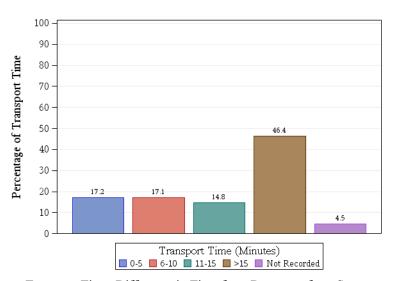


Response Time (Minutes)



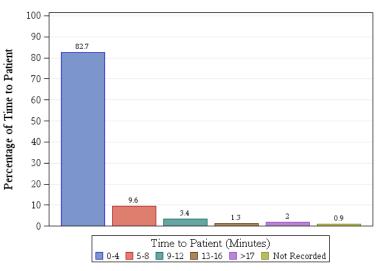
Response Time: Difference in Time from Dispatch to Arrival on Scene

Transport Time (Minutes)



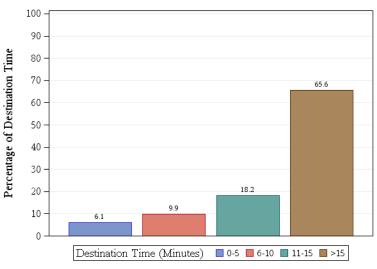
Transport Time: Difference in Time from Departure from Scene to Arrival At Destination

Time to Patient (Minutes)



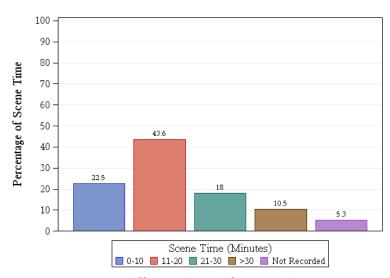
Time To Patient: Difference in Time from Arrival at Scene to Patient Arrival

Destination Time (Minutes)



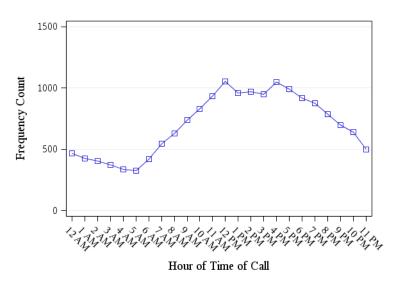
Scene Time: Difference in Time from Arrival at Destination to Unit Back in Service

Scene Time (Minutes)



Scene Time: Difference in Time from Arrival at Scene to Leaving Scene

Time of Call



Time of Call Not Recorded for 21,197 Incidents

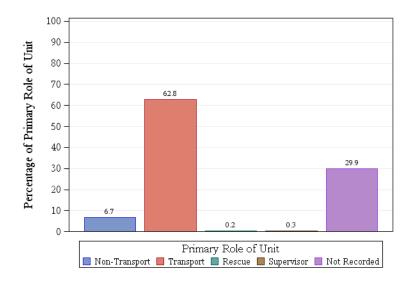
Average Run Mileage

Obs	Destination	Miles
1	Mileage to Scene	1.1
2	Mileage to Destination	4.0
3	Total Mileage	5.8

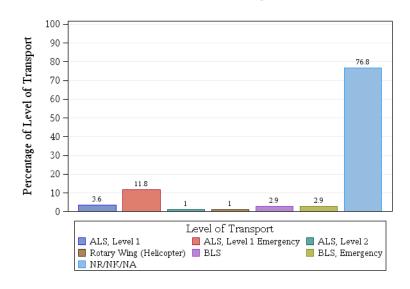
Average Run Time

Obs	Destination	Minutes
1	Time to Scene	8.76
2	Time to Patient	2.82
3	Time at Scene	18.02
4	Time to Destination	17.78
5	Back in Service	26.46
6	Total Run Time	65.58

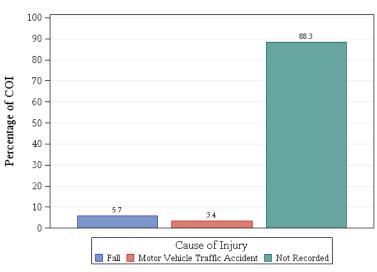
Primary Role of Unit



Level of Transport

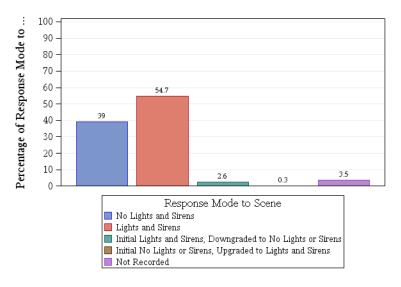


Cause of Injury (COI)

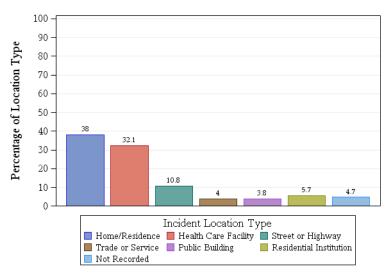


<1.5% COI: Motorcycle Accident, Stabbing/Cutting Assault, Bites, Machinery Accidents, Fire/Flames, Pedestrian Traffic Accident, Bicycle Accident, Firearm Injuries

Response Mode to Scene

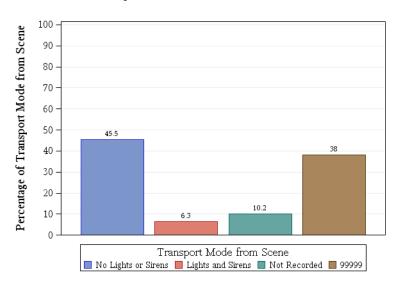


Incident Location Type

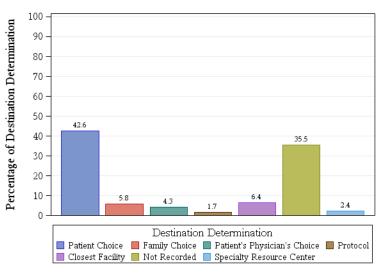


<1% Location Type: Mine or Quarry, Lake/River/Ocean, Place of Recreation of Sport, Not Recorded

Transport Mode from Scene

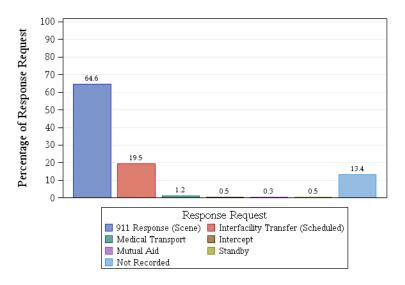


Destination Determination

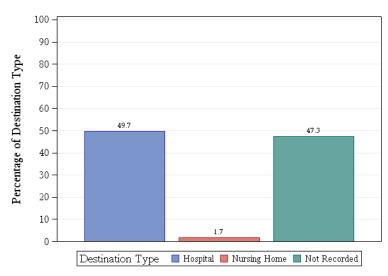


<1% Destination Determination: On-line Medical Direction, Insurance Status, Diversion

Response Request

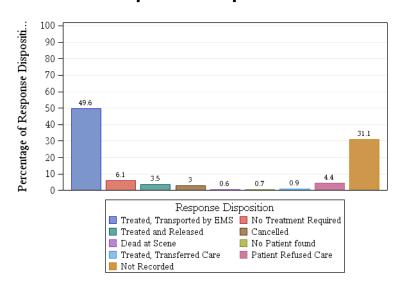


Destination Type

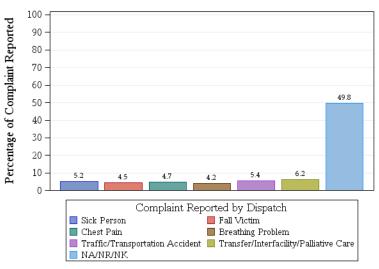


<1% Destination Type: Home, Medical Office/Clinic, Other, Other EMS Responder (Ground), Morgue, Other EMS Responder (Air)

Response Disposition

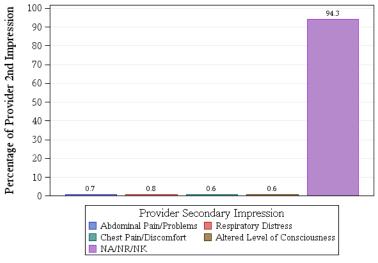


Complaint Reported by Dispatch



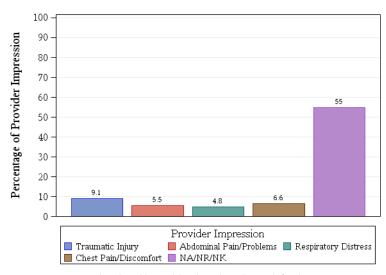
<2.5% P.I.: Assault, Unconscious/Fainting, Stroke/CVA, Seizure Traumatic Injury, Abdominal Pain, Cardiac Arrest, Diabetic, Unknown Problem/Man Down, Psychiatric Problems, Other

Provider Secondary Impression



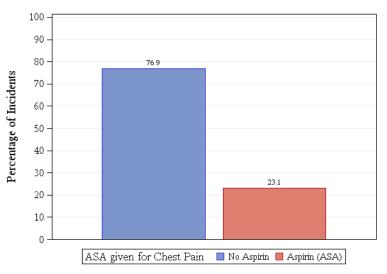
<.5% P.I.: Behavioral/Psychiatric Disorder, Traumatic Injury, Diabetic Symptoms, Pain, Seizure, Stroke/CVA, Syncope/Fainting Poisoning/Drug Ingestion, Cardiac Rhythm Disturbance, Other

Provider Primary Impression



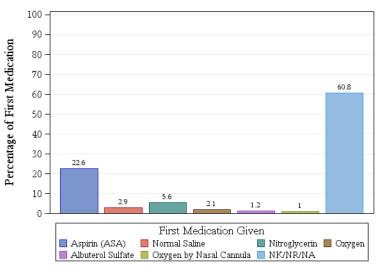
<2.5% P.I.: Behavioral/Psychiatric Disorder, Diabetic Symptoms, Stroke/CVA,Syncope/Fainting, Cardiac Arrest, Pregnancy/OB Delivery, Obvious Death, Poisoning/Drug Ingestion, Cardiac Rhythm Disturbance, Allergic Reaction, Hypovolemia/Shock

Chest Pain Incidents where ASA Given



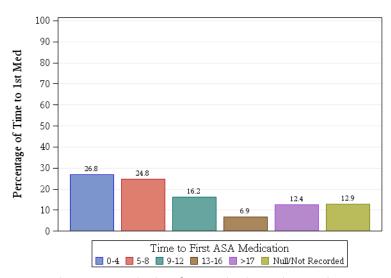
Chest Pain Incidents where ASA was Given (2013 YTD)

First Medication Given for Chest Pain



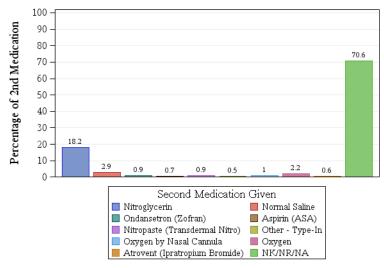
<.5% 1st Med: Fentanyl, Adenosine, Oxygen by Nasal Cannula Dopamine, Amyl Nitrate, Ondansetron (Zofran), Ketorolac (Toradol), Metoclopramide (Reglan), Other

Time to First Medication



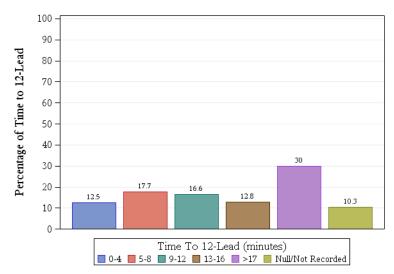
Time to 1st Med: Time from Arrived at Patient to First Medication (Aspirin[ASA]) Administered for Chest Pain

Second Medication Given for Chest Pain



<1% 2nd Med: Fentanyl, Morphine Sulfate, Dopamine, Atropine Sulfate, Adenosine, Other

Time to 12-Lead



Time to 12-Lead: Time from Arrived at Patient to time Procedure Performed

Indiana Trauma Registry- January 1, 2013 to October 8 2013 - 11,976 Incidents Injury Severity Score By Public Health Preparedness Districts

